Appendix 4 - Specified and Non-Specified Investments

Investments are categorised as "Specified" or "Non-Specified" within the investment guidance issued by the Welsh Government.

Specified investments are sterling denominated investments with a maximum maturity of one year. They also meet the "high credit quality" as determined by the Authority and are not deemed capital expenditure investments under Statute. Non specified investments are, effectively, everything else.

The Authority's credit ratings criterion is set out in **Appendix 3** and will be consulted when using the investments set out below. Credit ratings are monitored on a daily basis and the Treasury Management Adviser will advise the Authority on rating changes and appropriate action to be taken.

The types of investments that will be used by the Authority and whether they are specified or nonspecified are listed in the table below.

	Specified	Non- Specified
Government		
Debt Management Account Deposit Facility	\checkmark	×
Gilts (UK Government)	\checkmark	\checkmark
Treasury Bills (T-Bills- UK Government)	\checkmark	x
Bonds issued by AAA rated Multilateral Development Banks	\checkmark	\checkmark
Registered Providers (Housing Association	is)	I
Registered Providers (Housing Associations)	\checkmark	\checkmark
Corporates		I
Corporate Bonds (including Floating Rate Notes and Commercial Paper)	\checkmark	\checkmark
Local Authorities		
Term deposits with other UK local authorities	\checkmark	\checkmark
Local Authority Bills	\checkmark	×
Banks- Secured		I
Repurchase Agreements (Repos)- Banks & Building Societies	\checkmark	\checkmark
Covered Bonds	\checkmark	\checkmark
Other Collaterised arrangements	\checkmark	\checkmark
Banks- Unsecured		I
Term deposits with banks and building societies	\checkmark	×
Certificates of deposit with banks and building societies	\checkmark	×
AAA-Rated Money Market Funds	\checkmark	×
Authority's Banker	\checkmark	×
Pooled Funds (Variable Net Asset Valuatio	n)	1
Other Money Market and Collective Investment Schemes	×	\checkmark
Pooled Funds (Property)	×	\checkmark

Authorisation for the in-house team

A. Short-term Investments

Due to the nature of the in-house team's duties, in that they need to respond to cash-flow fluctuations by dealing on the money market generally between 9.00am and 10.00am each day, it is impractical for each decision to be referred to the most senior management levels.

As a result, it is proposed that day-to-day decisions remain the responsibility of the Group Accountant (Financial Advice and Support) who is the *de facto* Treasury Manager. In the absence of the Group Accountant (Financial Advice and Support), the responsibility will pass to any of the appropriate line managers.

It is proposed that all Treasury Management decisions that arise from the daily cashflow will be supported by the completion of a pro-forma which will evidence compliance with the strategy.

B. Long-term Investments

It is proposed that decisions regarding long-term investments be referred to the Acting Director of Corporate Services & S151 Officer (as Chief Financial Officer) after consultation with the Interim Head of Corporate Finance and the Finance Manager for Corporate Finance.

C. General Authorisations

Whilst it is generally the intention to refer all decisions regarding long-term borrowing to the Interim Head of Corporate Finance, there are times when to do so will risk the loss of a potentially advantageous deal, due to non-availability. This is particularly relevant to the raising of PWLB loans.

The Authority's Treasury Management Adviser continually monitors the movement of interest rates and is able to predict the changes in PWLB rates. On occasions it may be necessary to respond to advice from the Adviser to take up PWLB loans (whether as part of the current years funding requirement, or as part of a rescheduling exercise) before interest rates increase and make the necessary application to the PWLB before their cut-off time. In these circumstances, it is not always possible to have access to the Interim Head of Corporate Finance, at short notice, for approval.

As a result, it is proposed that, in the event that the Acting Director of Corporate Services & S151 Officer is unavailable, the decision be referred, in the first instance, to the Interim Head of Corporate Finance, then to Corporate Finance Manager. In the absence of all three, then the decision will be made by the Group Accountant (Treasury Management and Capital) provided that the reason for the transaction is appropriately documented, falls within the approved Annual Strategy and prudential indicators, and failure to act upon the advice given would result in additional interest charges.

In all of the foregoing, it must be remembered that any action taken, based on a view of interest rates, can only be assessed on the data available at the time.